TRIDONIC



Driver LC 81W 1200-1750mA flexC lp ADV advanced series SELV

Product description

- Built-in constant current LED Driver
- New version DC operating with EL marking
- For luminaires of protection class I and protection class II
- Temperature protection as per EN 61347-2-13 C5e
- Adjustable output current between 1,200 and 1,750 mA
- Max. output power 80.5 W
- Up to 87 % efficiency
- Nominal life-time up to 100,000 h
- 5-year guarantee

Housing properties

- Low-profile metal casing with white cover
- Type of protection IP20

Interfaces

• Terminal blocks: 45° push terminals

Functions

- Overload protection
- Short-circuit protection
- No-load protection
- Overtemperature protection
- Burst protection voltage 1 kV
- Surge protection voltage 1 kV (L to N)
- Surge protection voltage 2 kV (L/N to earth)
- Suitable for emergency lighting systems acc. to EN 50172

Typical applications

• For linear/area lighting in office applications

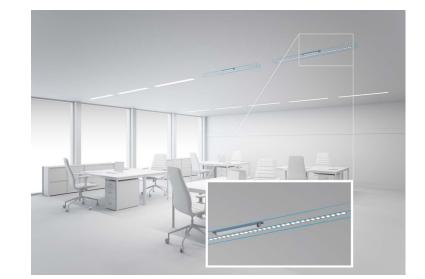


Standards, page 4

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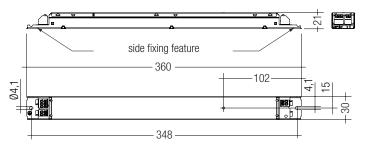
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Driver LC 81W 1200-1750mA flexC lp ADV

advanced series SELV

Technical data

Rated supply voltage	220 – 240 V
AC voltage range	198 – 264 V
DC voltage range	176 – 280 V
Max. input current (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)	0.46 A
Typ. input current (at 230 V, 0 Hz, full load)	0.395 A
Leakage current (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)	< 400 µA
Mains frequency	0 / 50 / 60 Hz
Overvoltage protection	320 V AC, 1 h
Max. input power	95 W
Typ. power consumption (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) $^{\odot}$	91.5 W
Min. output power	24 W
Max. output power	80.5 W
Typ. efficiency (at 230 V / 50 Hz / full load)®	87 %
λ (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) [®]	0.95
Output current tolerance [®] ®	± 7.5 %
Max. output current peak [®]	≤ output current + 20 %
Max. output voltage	60 V
THD (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)	< 8 %
Output LF current ripple (< 120 Hz)	± 5 %
Starting time (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)	< 500 ms
Starting time (DC mode)	< 500 ms
Switchover time (AC/DC)	< 500 ms
Turn off time (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)	≤ 0.5 s
Hold on time at power failure (output)	0 s
Ambient temperature ta (at life-time 100,000 h)	40 °C
Storage temperature ts	-40 +80 °C
Life-time	up to 100,000 h
Dimensions L x W x H	360 x 30 x 21 mm
Hole spacing D	348 mm



Ordering data

Туре	Article	Packaging,	Packaging,	Weight per
	number	carton	pallet	pc.
LC 81W 1200-1750mA flexC lp ADV	28002475	50 pc(s).	650 pc(s).	0.242 kg

Specific technical data

Туре	Output current®	Min. forward voltage	Max. forward voltage	Max. output power	Typ. power consumption (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)	/1 /	9	Ambient emperature ta max.	I-out select	Resistor [®]
	1,200 mA	20 V	54 V	64.8 W	74.0 W	330 mA	80 °C	-20 +50 °C	0-1	ADV Type A
	1,300 mA	20 V	54 V	70.2 W	80.0 W	360 mA	85 °C	-20 +50 °C	0-1	ADV Type D
LC 81W 1200-1750mA flexC lp ADV	1,400 mA	20 V	54 V	75.6 W	85.0 W	380 mA	90 °C	-20 +50 °C	open	-
ip ADV	1,550 mA	20 V	51 V	79.1 W	90.0 W	400 mA	90 °C	-20 +50 °C	0-2	ADV Type D
	1,750 mA	20 V	46 V	80.5 W	91.5 W	410 mA	90 °C	-20 +50 °C	0-2	ADV Type A

^① Test result at 1,750 mA.

⁽²⁾ Output current is mean value.

[®] Test result at 25 °C.

^④ Type A is a short circuit plug (0 Ω).

[®] Test result at default output current.

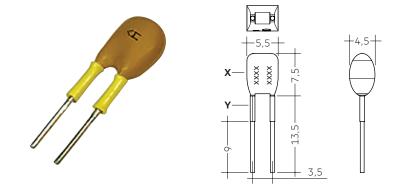
 $\ensuremath{^{\tiny (\!\!\!\!\)}}$ Valid for immediate change of power supply type otherwise the starting time is valid.

ACCES-SORIES

ADV Plug for output current select

Product description

- Ready-for-use resistor to set output current value
- Compatible with LED Driver serie LC flexC ADV; not compatible with I-SELECT (generation 1) and I-SELECT 2 (generation 2)
- Resistor is base insulated
- When using your own resistors, make sure the resistor must be insulated
- Resistor power 0.25 W
- Current tolerance ± 2 % additional to output current tolerance
- Hot plug of the resistor is not permitted
- For detailed current setting see table "Specific technical data" of the respective LED Driver and chapter 3.8 Current setting



Ordering data

Type number X area Y area	Marking	value	bag	Weight per pc.
ADV Plug Type A YL 28001771 Yellow Yellow	А	0,0 Ω	10 pc(s).	0.001 kg
ADV Plug Type D YL 28001774 Yellow White	D	54.9 kΩ	10 pc(s).	0.001 kg

1. Standards

EN 55015 EN 61000-3-2 EN 61000-3-3 EN 61347-1 EN 61347-2-13 EN 61547 EN 62384 According to EN 50172 fr

According to EN 50172 for use in central battery systems According to EN 60598-2-22 suitable for emergency lighting installations

2. Thermal details and life-time

2.1 Expected life-time

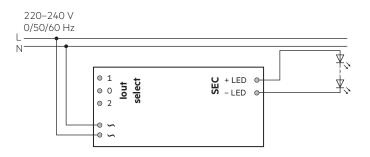
Expected life-time

Туре	ta	40 °C	50 °C	55 °C
LC 81W 1200-1750mA flexC lp ADV	tc	80 °C	90 °C	х
LC 81W 1200-1/50mA flexC lp ADV -	Life-time	100,000 h	50,000 h	х

The LED Driver is designed for a life-time stated above under reference conditions and with a failure probability of less than 10 %.

3. Installation / wiring

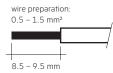
3.1 Circuit diagram



3.2 Wiring type and cross section

The wiring can be stranded wires with ferrules or rigid wires with a cross section of $0.5 - 1.5 \text{ mm}^2$.

Strip 8.5 – 9.5 mm of insulation from the cables to ensure perfect operation of the push-wire terminals.



3.3 Release of the wiring

Press down the "push button" and remove the cable from front.

3.4 Installation instructions

The LED module and all contact points within the wiring must be sufficiently insulated against 3 kV surge voltage. Air and creepage distance must be maintained.

3.5 Wiring guidelines

- All connections must be kept as short as possible to ensure good EMI behaviour.
- Mains leads should be kept apart from LED Driver and other leads (ideally 5 10 cm distance)
- Max. length of output wires is 2 m.
- Incorrect wiring can damage LED modules.
- To avoid the damage of the Driver, the wiring must be protected against short circuits to earth (sharp edged metal parts, metal cable clips, louver, etc.).
- The current selection has to be installed in the accordance to the requirement of low voltage installation.

3.6 Replace LED module

1. Mains off

- 2. Remove LED module
- 3. Wait for 20 seconds
- 4. Connect LED module again

Hot plug-in or output switching of LEDs is not permitted and may cause a very high current to the LEDs.

3.7 Earth connection

The earth connection is conducted as protection earth (PE). The LED Driver can be earthed via metal housing. If the LED Driver will be earthed, protection earth (PE) has to be used. There is no earth connection required for the functionality of the LED Driver. Earth connection is recommended to improve following behaviour.

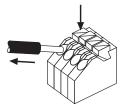
- Electromagnetic interferences (EMI)
- Transmission of mains transients to the LED output

In general it is recommended to earth the LED Driver if the LED module is mounted on earthed luminaire parts respectively heat sinks and thereby representing a high capacity against earth.

For Class I application, protection earth need to connected with the metal housing (bottom part).

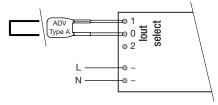
For Class II application, protection earth is no need to be connected, below 2 scenarios should be considered:

- If the LED Driver housing is screw on a metal part inside the luminaires, both LED Driver and LED module must be insulated.
- If the LED Driver housing is screw on a plastic part inside the luminaires, the LED module need to be insulated.

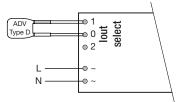


3.8 Current setting

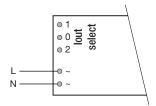
1,200 mA: Terminal 0 and 1 connected with 0 Ω wire (max. 6 cm length) or resistor ADV Plug Type A BR (article number: 28001771)



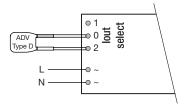
1,300 mA: Terminal 0 and 1 connected with resistor ADV Plug Type D BR (article number: 28001774)



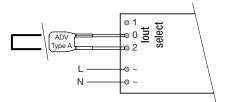
1,400 mA: All terminals open



1,550 mA: Terminal 0 and 2 connected with resistor ADV Plug Type D BR (article number: 28001774)



1,750 mA: Terminal 0 and 2 connected with 0 Ω wire (max. 6 cm length) or resistor ADV Plug Type A BR (article number: 28001771)



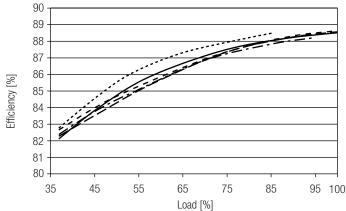
3.9 Mounting of device

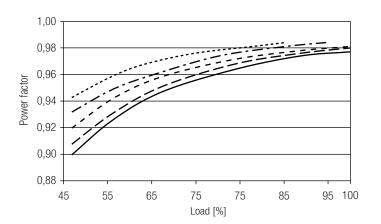
Max. torque for fixing: 0.5 Nm/M4

4. Electrical values

Test at 230 V 50 Hz.

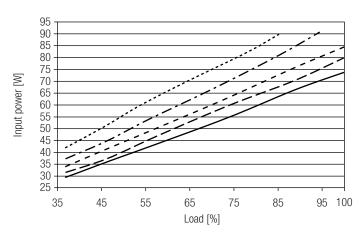
4.1 Efficiency vs load



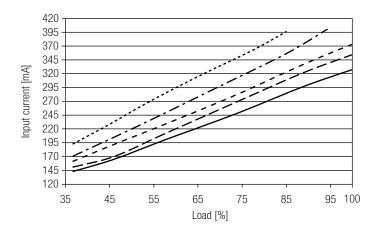




4.2 Power factor vs load

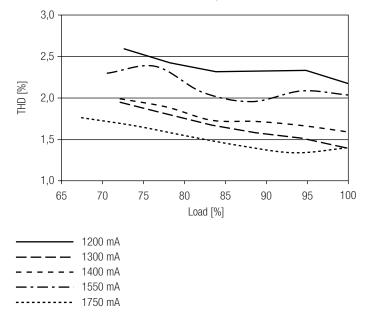


4.4 Input current vs load



4.5 THD vs load

THD without harmonic < 5 mA (0.6 %) of the input current:



4.6 Maximum loading of automatic circuit breakers in relation to inrush current

Automatic circuit breaker type	C10	C13	C16	C20	B10	B13	B16	B20	Inrusl	n current
Installation Ø	1.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	2.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	2.5 mm ²	Imax	Time
LC 81W 1200-1750mA flexC lp ADV	10	15	18	23	6	9	11	14	50 A	200 µs

4.7 Harmonic distortion in the mains supply (at 230 V / 50 Hz and full load)

in %

	THD	3.	5.	7.	9.	11.
LC 81W 1200-1750mA flexC lp ADV	< 8	< 10	< 5	< 3	< 3	< 3

Acc. to 6100-3-2. Harmonics < 5 mA or < 0.6 % (whatever is greater) of the input current are not considered for calculation of THD.

5. Functions

5.1 Short-circuit behaviour

In case of a short circuit on the output side (LED) the LED Driver switches off. After elimination of the short-circuit fault the LED Driver will recover automatically.

5.2 No-load operation

The LED Driver works in latch mode to prevent output which allows the application to be able to work safely when LED string opens due to a failure.

5.3 Overload protection

If the output voltage range is exceeded the LED Driver will protect itself and LED will shut down. After elimination of the overload, the nominal operation is restart by resetting the mains.

5.4 Over temperature protection

The LED Driver will work in latch mode, the nominal operation is restart by resetting the mains.

5.5 DC emergency operation

The LED Driver is designed to operate on DC voltage and pulsed DC voltage. For a reliable operation, make sure that also in DC emergency operation the LED Driver is run within the specified conditions.

Light output level in DC operation (EOF_j): 100 % (cannot be adjusted)

The voltage-dependent input current of Driver incl. LED module is depending on the used load.

The nominal voltage-dependent no-load current of Driver (without or defect LED module) is for: AC: < 61 mA DC: < 2 mA

6. Miscellaneous

6.1 Insulation and electric strength testing of luminaires

Electronic devices can be damaged by high voltage. This has to be considered during the routine testing of the luminaires in production.

According to IEC 60598-1 Annex Q (informative only!) or ENEC 303-Annex A, each luminaire should be submitted to an insulation test with 500 V $_{DC}$ for 1 second. This test voltage should be connected between the interconnected phase and neutral terminals and the earth terminal. The insulation resistance must be at least 2 M $_{\Omega}$.

As an alternative, IEC 60598-1 Annex Q describes a test of the electrical strength with 1500 V $_{AC}$ (or 1.414 x 1500 V $_{DC}$). To avoid damage to the electronic devices this test must not be conducted.

6.2 Conditions of use and storage

Humidity:	5 % up to max. 85 %,
	not condensed
	(max. 56 days/year at 85 %)

Storage temperature: -40 °C up to max. +80 °C

The devices have to be within the specified temperature range (ta) before they can be operated.

6.3 Additional information

Additional technical information at <u>www.tridonic.com</u> \rightarrow Technical Data

Guarantee conditions at <u>www.tridonic.com</u> \rightarrow Services

Life-time declarations are informative and represent no warranty claim. No warranty if device was opened.