

# ALPHA EF-9301

## Wave Soldering Flux for Tin-Lead and Lead-Free Applications

### GENERAL DESCRIPTION

**ALPHA EF-9301** is a rosin-containing full dulling flux that provides the unique attributes of excellent solderability and reliability in both Lead-Free and Tin-Lead processes. It is designed to have best in class bridging on bottom side SMT components as well as superior performance in hole fill and solderballing. Additionally, it provides dull joints with an evenly spread, low-tack flux.

### FEATURES & BENEFITS

Best-In-Class Features for Lead-Free and Tin-Lead Processes:

- Low bridging performance on connectors and bottom side SMT components
- Excellent hole fill demonstrated by >95% yield on 10 mil holes.
- Low solderballing performance

Benefits:

- Smooth solder joints with full dulling
- Evenly spread, low tack, flux residue
- Capable for Tin-Lead and Lead-Free processes
- Can be applied via spraying or foaming

### APPLICATION GUIDELINES

**PREPARATION** - In order to maintain consistent soldering performance and electrical reliability, it is important to begin the process with circuit boards and components that meet established requirements for solderability and ionic cleanliness. It is suggested that assemblers establish specifications on these items with their suppliers and that suppliers provide Certificates of Analysis with shipments and/or assemblers perform incoming inspection. A common specification for the ionic cleanliness of incoming boards and components is  $5\mu\text{g}/\text{in}^2$  maximum, as measured by an Omegameter with heated solution.

Care should be taken in handling the circuit boards throughout the process. Boards should always be held at the edges. The use of clean, lint-free gloves is also recommended.

Conveyors, fingers and pallets should be cleaned. ALPHA SM-110 and Bioact SC-10 Solvent Cleaner have been found to be very useful for these cleaning applications.

**FLUX APPLICATION - ALPHA EF-9301** can be applied by spraying or foaming. When spray fluxing, the uniformity of the coating can be visually checked by running a piece of cardboard over the spray fluxer or by processing a board-sized piece of tempered glass through the spray and then through the preheat section.



### HEALTH & SAFETY

Please refer to the Material Safety Data Sheet as the primary source of health and safety information. Inhalation of the volatilized flux activator fumes, which are generated at soldering temperatures, may cause headaches, dizziness and nausea.

Suitable fume extraction equipment should be used to remove the flux from the work area. An exhaust at the exit end of the wave solder machine may also be needed to completely capture the fumes. Observe precautions during handling and use. Suitable protective clothing should be worn to prevent the material from coming in contact with skin and eyes.

### GENERAL GUIDELINES FOR MACHINE SETTINGS

OPERATING PARAMETER	TYPICAL LEVEL
Amount of Flux Applied	Spray: <1500 µg/in <sup>2</sup> of solids/in <sup>2</sup> dual wave, <1200 µg/in <sup>2</sup> of solids/in <sup>2</sup> single wave
Top-Side Preheat Temperature	85-110°C for Lead-Free and 75-95°C for Tin-Lead
Bottom side Preheat Temperature	0 to +40°F (0 to +22°C) vs. Top-Side
Maximum Ramp Rate of Topside Temperature (to avoid component damage)	2°C/second (3.5°F/second) maximum
Conveyor Angle	5 - 8° (6° most common recommended by equipment manufacturers)
Conveyor Speed	1.5 – 2.2 meters/minute for single wave, 0.8 - 2.0 m/min for Lead-Free. *ALPHA EF-9301 is capable of running at slower conveyor speeds to accommodate certain types of Lead-Free wave soldering processes
Contact Time in the Solder (includes Chip Wave and Primary Wave)	1.5 - 4.0 seconds (2½ - 3 seconds most common)
Solder Pot Temperature:	
Sn63/Pb37 Alloy	235 - 260°C
Lead-Free Alloy - 96.5Sn/3.0Ag/0.5Cu	255 - 265°C
These are general guidelines which have proven to yield excellent results; however, depending upon your equipment, components, and circuit boards, your optimal settings may be different. In order to optimize your process, it is recommended to perform a design experiment, optimizing the most important variables (amount of flux applied, conveyor speed, topside preheat temperature, solder pot temperature and board orientation).	

**FLUX SOLIDS CONTROL** –The solids content of **ALPHA EF-9301** should be maintained by the addition of thinner to compensate for evaporation losses. In general, it is recommended that the solids content not be allowed to increase by more than 5% before the addition of the thinner. Only ALPHA 425 Thinner should be used for this purpose, to ensure consistency of flux foaming and soldering characteristics. Flux solids content is readily controlled by simple hydrometer measurement. For consistent soldering performance, dispose of spent flux every 40 hours of operation. After emptying the flux, the reservoir should be thoroughly cleaned with DI water.

**RESIDUE REMOVAL - ALPHA EF-9301** is a no-clean flux and the residues are designed to be left on the board. If their removal is required, Alpha 2110 and Armakleen saponifiers or BIOACT solvent defluxers are recommended.

**TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS**

Physical Properties	Typical Values	Parameters/Test Method	Typical Values
Appearance	Clear, Pale Yellow Liquid	Flash Point (T.C.C.)	12°C
Solids Content, wt/wt	7.0	Recommended Thinner	ALPHA 425
Specific Gravity @ 25°C (77°C)	0.798 ± 0.005	Shelf Life	12 months
Acid Number (mg KOH/g)	15.7 – 16.5	IPC Classification	ROM1
pH, as is	3.7	JIS & Bellcore status	Compliant

**HALOGEN CLASS**

Standard	Requirement	Test Method	Status
<b>JEITA ET-7304</b> <i>Definition of Halogen free Soldering Materials</i>	<1000 ppm Br, Cl, F in solder material solids	<b>TM EN 14582</b> <i>Solids extraction per IPC TM 2.3.34</i>	PASS
<b>IEC 61249</b>	Post soldering residues contain <900ppm each or total of <1500ppm Br or Cl from flame retardant source		PASS
<b>JEDEC</b> <i>A Guideline for Defining "Low Halogen" Electronic Products</i>	Post soldering residues contain <1000ppm Br or Cl from flame retardant source		PASS
<b>Zero Halogens - No halogenated compounds have been intentionally added to this product</b>			

**CORROSION AND ELECTRICAL TESTING****CORROSION TESTING**

Test	Requirement for ROM1	Results
Silver Chromate Paper IPC-TM 650 Test Method 2.3.33	Halides detected	Contains halides
Copper Mirror Tests (IPC/Bellcore Method)	> 50% breakthrough in test area	Minor breakthrough detected
Copper Corrosion Test IPC-TM 650 Test Method 2.6.15	Minor corrosion acceptable	Minor evidence of corrosion

**J-STD-004 SURFACE INSULATION RESISTANCE** (All values shown are in ohms)

Test	Conditions	Requirements	Results
"Comb-Down" Uncleaned	85°C/85% RH, 7 days	1.0 x 10 <sup>8</sup> minimum	6.5 x 10 <sup>9</sup>
"Comb-Up" Uncleaned	85°C/85% RH, 7 days	1.0 x 10 <sup>8</sup> minimum	2.6 x 10 <sup>10</sup>
Control Boards	85°C/85% RH, 7 days	2.0 x 10 <sup>8</sup> minimum	1.3 x 10 <sup>10</sup>
IPC Test Condition (per J-STD-004A): -50V, measurement @ 100V/IPC B-24 board (0.4mm lines, 0.5mm spacing).			

**JIS STANDARD SURFACE INSULATION RESISTANCE** (All values shown are in ohms)

Test	Conditions	Requirements	Controls	Results
Initial	Ambient	1.0 x 10 <sup>11</sup> minimum	1.0 x 10 <sup>11</sup> minimum	3.0 x 10 <sup>11</sup>
After 96 Hours	40°C / 90% RH	1.0 x 10 <sup>10</sup> minimum	1.0 x 10 <sup>11</sup> minimum	2.2 x 10 <sup>12</sup>
Recovered	35°C/85% RH, 5 days	1.0 x 10 <sup>11</sup> minimum	2.0 x 10 <sup>11</sup> minimum	1.1 x 10 <sup>12</sup>
All Measurements @ 100V, JIS Boards (0.32mm lines, 0.32 mm spacing, same as IPC B25 Boards)				

**BELLCORE SURFACE INSULATION RESISTANCE** (All values shown are in ohms)

Test	Conditions	Requirements	Results
"Comb-Down" Uncleaned	35°C/85% RH, 5 days	1.0 x 10 <sup>11</sup> minimum	1.0 x 10 <sup>12</sup>
"Comb-Up" Uncleaned	35°C/85% RH, 5 days	1.0 x 10 <sup>11</sup> minimum	2.3 x 10 <sup>11</sup>
Control Boards	35°C/85% RH, 5 days	2.0 x 10 <sup>11</sup> minimum	2.2 x 10 <sup>12</sup>
Bellcore Test Condition (per GR 78-CORE, Issue 1): 48 Volts, measurement @ 100V/25 mil lines/50 mil spacing.			



**Cookson Electronics ASSEMBLY MATERIALS**

**BELLCORE ELECTROMIGRATION** (All values shown are in ohms)

Test	SIR (Initial)	SIR (Final)	Requirement	Result	Visual Result
"Comb-Up" Uncleaned	$6.1 \times 10^{10}$	$1.4 \times 10^{11}$	SIR (Initial)/SIR (Final) <10	Pass	Pass
"Comb-Down" Uncleaned	$4.5 \times 10^{11}$	$7.3 \times 10^{11}$	SIR (Initial)/SIR (Final) <10	Pass	Pass
Bellcore Test Condition (per GR 78-CORE, Issue 1): 65°C/85% RH/500 Hours/10V, measurement @ 100V/IPC B-25B Pattern (12.5 mil lines, 12.5 mil spacing).					